

HIGH-RESOLUTION SPECTROSCOPY OF THE ν_{16} BAND OF 1,3,5-TRIOXANE

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1,3,5-trioxane, often used as a solid fuel or source of formaldehyde, is a symmetric top of the C_{3v} group. Although the microwave^a and low-resolution vibrational spectra^b have been studied extensively, only the ν_{17} band near 1072 cm^{-1} has been observed with rotational resolution^c. Here, we will present our studies of trioxane vapor from $1140\text{--}1220\text{ cm}^{-1}$, covering the ν_{16} band at a resolution of approximately 30 MHz. Solid trioxane was heated, and the resulting vapor was entrained in a continuous supersonic expansion of argon. Continuous-wave cavity ringdown spectroscopy was then performed using a frequency-stabilized external cavity quantum cascade laser (EC-QCL) as the light source. In addition to providing new ro-vibrational transition frequencies of trioxane, the present work serves to validate our newly-developed EC-QCL spectrometer and will be used to evaluate the cooling performance of the sheath-flow supercritical fluid expansion source currently under development^d.

^aOka, T., Tsuchiya, K., Iwata, S., and Morino, Y. Microwave Spectrum of s-Trioxane. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **37** (1964), 4-7.

^bStair, A.T. Jr. and Nielsen, J. Rud. Vibrational Spectra of sym-Trioxane. *J. Chem. Phys.* **27** (1957), 402-407.

^cHenninot, J-F., Bolvin, H., Demaison, J., and Lemoine, B. The Infrared Spectrum of Trioxane in a Supersonic Slit Jet. *J. Mol. Spect.* **152** (1992), 62-68.

^dGibson, B.M., Stewart, J.T., and McCall, B.J., contribution TJ14, presented at the 68th International Symposium on Molecular Spectroscopy, Columbus, OH, USA, 2013.